FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

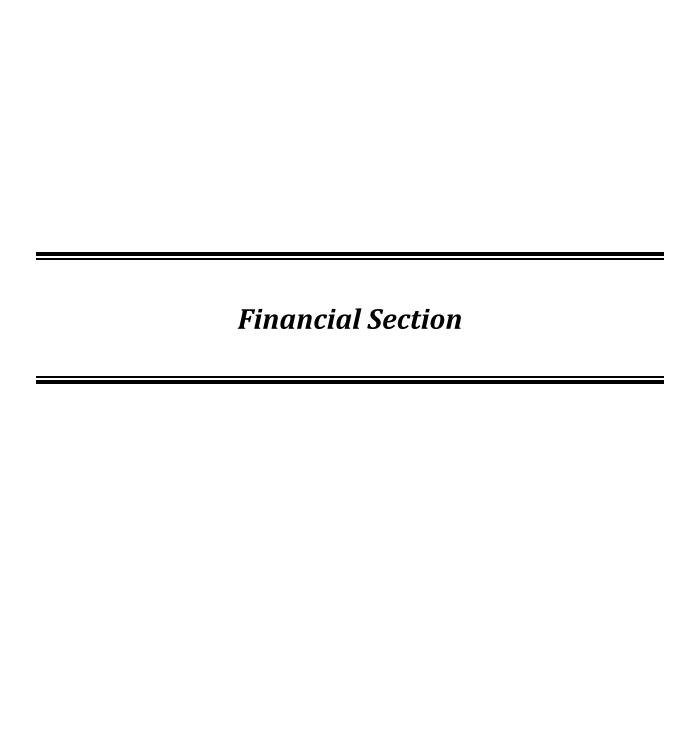
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Amounts as of June 30, 2019)



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Tehachapi Valley Recreation and Park District Tehachapi, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Tehachapi Valley Recreation and Park District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Tehachapi Valley Recreation and Park District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Prior-Year Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, from which such partial information was derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a separate report dated February 28, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Murrieta, California February 28, 2021

Nigro & Nigro, PC

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) offers readers of Tehachapi Valley Recreation and Park District's financial statements a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This MD&A presents financial highlights, an overview of the accompanying financial statements, an analysis of net position and results of operations, a current-to prior year analysis, a discussion on restrictions, commitments and limitations, and a discussion of significant activity involving capital assets and long-term debt. Please read in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

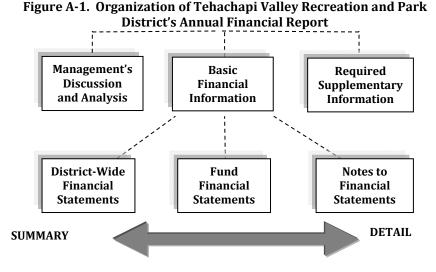
- The District's net position decreased 4.28%, or (\$93,867) from the prior year's net position of \$2,193,721 to \$2,099,854, as a result of this year's operations.
- Total revenues from all sources decreased by 10.46%, or \$172,460 from \$1,649,028 to \$1,476,568, from the prior year, primarily due to the shut-down of District activities for the COVID-19 global pandemic.
- Total expenses for the District's operations decreased by 5.51% or (\$91,623) from \$1,662,058 to \$1,570,435, from the prior year, primarily due the shut-down of District activities for the COVID-19 global pandemic.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- District-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's
 overall financial status.
- *Fund financial statements* focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
 - The *governmental funds* statements tell how basic services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the and provide statements more detailed data. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Type of Statements	District-Wide	Governmental Fund
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as fire and ambulance services
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health, or *position*.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's demographics and the condition of buildings and other facilities.
- In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are categorized as *Governmental Activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as weed abatement, landscape maintenance, and administration. State and local programs finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by granter requirements.

The District has two funds, the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Analysis of Net Position

Table A-1: Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Change
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 826,428	\$ 708,032	\$ 118,396
Non-current assets	96,370	145,347	(48,977)
Capital assets, net	1,952,083	2,105,165	(153,082)
Total assets	2,874,881	2,958,544	(83,663)
Deferred outflows of resources	116,536	121,254	(4,718)
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	130,560	141,844	(11,284)
Non-current liabilities	714,638	701,491	13,147
Total liabilities	845,198	843,335	1,863
Deferred inflows of resources	46,365	42,742	3,623
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,573,398	1,741,768	(168,370)
Unrestricted	526,456	451,953	74,503
Total net position	\$ 2,099,854	\$ 2,193,721	\$ (93,867)

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the District shows a positive balance in its unrestricted net position of \$526,456 that may be utilized in future years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

Analysis of Revenues and Expenses

Table A-2: Condensed Statement of Activities

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Change
Program revenues	\$ 414,364	\$ 642,067	\$ (227,703)
Expenses	(1,570,435)	(1,662,058)	91,623
Net program expense	(1,156,071)	(1,019,991)	(136,080)
General revenues	1,062,204	1,006,961	55,243
Change in net position	(93,867)	(13,030)	(80,837)
Net position - beginning of period	2,193,721	2,206,751	(13,030)
Net position – end of period	\$ 2,099,854	\$ 2,193,721	\$ (93,867)

The statement of activities shows how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. In the case of the District, the operations of the District decreased by (\$93,867) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Table A-3: Total Revenues

	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019		Increase 9 (Decrease	
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	390,936	\$	592,805	\$	(201,869)
Grant revenue		23,428		49,262		(25,834)
Total program revenues		414,364		642,067		(227,703)
General revenues:						
Property taxes		944,154		891,929		52,225
Capital development fees		61,973		89,747		(27,774)
Insurance proceeds		27,963		12,498		15,465
Investment earnings		28,114		9,452		18,662
Other revenue		-		3,335		(3,335)
Total general revenues		1,062,204		1,006,961		55,243
Total revenues	\$	1,476,568	\$	1,649,028	\$	(172,460)

Total revenues from all sources decreased by 10.46%, or \$172,460 from \$1,649,028 to \$1,476,568, from the prior year, primarily due to the shut-down of District activities for the COVID-19 global pandemic.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

Analysis of Revenues and Expenses (continued)

Table A-4: Total Expenses

	Jun	June 30, 2020		ne 30, 2019	ncrease ecrease)
Expenses:					
Salaries and wages	\$	599,312	\$	637,889	\$ (38,577)
Employee benefits		191,750		111,657	80,093
Program costs		168,221		243,822	(75,601)
Materials and services		394,037		462,499	(68,462)
Depreciation expense		201,552		189,496	12,056
Interest expense		15,563		16,695	 (1,132)
Total expenses	\$	1,570,435	\$	1,662,058	\$ (91,623)

Total expenses for the District's operations decreased by 5.51% or (\$91,623) from \$1,662,058 to \$1,570,435, from the prior year, primarily due the shut-down of District activities for the COVID-19 global pandemic.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL ANAYLSIS

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, the *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2020, the District reported a total fund balance of \$863,416 An amount of \$506,874 constitutes the District's *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for future expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The final budgeted expenditures for the District at year-end were \$162,241 more than actual. The variance is principally due to over-budgeting for program costs and materials and services expenditures that were proposed to be utilized until the COVID-19 global pandemic started and shut-down the District's spring and early summer activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

Table A-5: Capital Assets at Year End, Net of Depreciation

	Ju	Balance June 30, 2020				Balance ne 30, 2019
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable assets	\$	166,735	\$	167,605		
Depreciable assets		5,021,795		4,980,171		
Accumulated depreciation		(3,236,447)		(3,042,611)		
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,952,083	\$	2,105,165		

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$1,952,083 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes structures, improvements and equipment. Major capital asset additions during the year include various and furniture and equipment purchases totaling \$48,470.

See Note 4 for further information on the District's capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Table A-6: Long-term Debt

	Ba	Balance		Balance
	June 30, 2020		Jun	e 30, 2019
Long-term debt: Loan payable	\$	475,055	\$	508,744

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the District's long-term debt amounted to \$475,055.

See Note 6 for further information on the District's long-term debt.

FACTORS AFFECTING CURRENT FINANCIAL POSITION

At the end of the first quarter of calendar year 2020, the United States and global economy suffered a major decline due to the impact of the COVID-19 virus. This economic decline may affect the District's operations and investment earnings for the remainder of calendar year 2020 and beyond. However, the potential impact to the District is unknown at this time.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The District's basic financial statements are designed to present users with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. If you have any questions about the report or need additional information, please contact the District Manager at P.O. Box 373, Tehachapi, California 93581.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

<u>ASSETS</u>	2020	2019
Current assets: Cash and investments (Note 2) Accrued interest receivable Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable — other Prepaid items	\$ 813,645 845 - 5,054 6,884	\$ 675,988 398 5,124 11,000 15,522
Total current assets	826,428	708,032
Non-current assets: Restricted – cash and investments (Notes 2 and 3) Capital assets – not being depreciated (Note 4) Capital assets, net – being depreciated (Note 4)	96,370 166,735 1,785,348	145,347 167,605 1,937,560
Total non-current assets	2,048,453	2,250,512
Total assets	2,874,881	2,958,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability (Note 7)	116,536	121,254
Total deferred outflows of resources	116,536	121,254
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned revenue Accrued interest payable Long-term liabilities – due within one year: Compensated absences (Note 5) Loan payable (Note 6)	36,230 17,652 5,500 6,334 30,068 34,776	49,678 32,555 - 6,783 19,139 33,689
Total current liabilities	130,560	141,844
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term liabilities – due in more than one year: Compensated absences (Note 5) Loan payable (Note 6) Net pension liability (Note 7)	30,067 440,279 244,292	19,139 475,055 207,297
Total noncurrent liabilities	714,638	701,491
Total liabilities	845,198	843,335
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability (Note 7)	46,365	42,742
Total deferred inflows of resources	46,365	42,742
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets (Note 8) Unrestricted	1,573,398 526,456	1,741,768 451,953
Total net position	\$ 2,099,854	\$ 2,193,721

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Information for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	Governmental Activities			
	2020	2019		
Expenses:				
Recreation and park services:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 599,312	\$ 637,889		
Employee benefits	191,750	111,657		
Program costs	168,221	243,822		
Materials and services	394,037	462,499		
Depreciation expense	201,552	189,496		
Interest expense	15,563	16,695		
Total expenses	1,570,435	1,662,058		
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	390,936	592,805		
Operating and capital grant funding	23,428	49,262		
Total program revenues	414,364	642,067		
Net program expense	(1,156,071)	(1,019,991)		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	944,154	891,929		
Capital development fees	61,973	89,747		
Insurance proceeds	27,963	12,498		
Investment earnings	28,114	9,452		
Other revenue		3,335		
Total general revenues	1,062,204	1,006,961		
Change in net position	(93,867)	(13,030)		
Net position:				
Beginning of year	2,193,721	2,206,751		
End of year	\$ 2,099,854	\$ 2,193,721		

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

<u>ASSETS</u>		General Fund	Capi	tal Projects Fund		Total ernmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	621,205	\$	192,440	\$	813,645
Restricted – cash and investments	Ψ	96,370	Ψ	-	Ψ	96,370
Accrued interest receivable		667		178		845
Accounts receivable — other		5,054		-		5,054
Prepaid items		6,884		-		6,884
Total assets	\$	730,180	\$	192,618	\$	922,798
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	36,230	\$	-	\$	36,230
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		17,652		-		17,652
Unearned revenue		5,500		_		5,500
Total liabilities		59,382				59,382
Fund balance: (Note 9)						
Nonspendable		6,884		-		6,884
Restricted		96,370		-		96,370
Committed		535		192,618		193,153
Assigned		60,135		-		60,135
Unassigned		506,874				506,874
Total fund balance		670,798		192,618		863,416
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	730,180	\$	192,618	\$	922,798

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	\$ 863	3,416
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those assets as capital assets.	1,95	2,083
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those deferred outflows of resources.	11	6,536
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position as follows:		
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Loan payable Net pension liability	(6) (47)	6,334) 0,135) 5,055) 4,292)
Deferred inflows of resources used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those deferred inflows of resources.	(4)	6,365 <u>)</u>
Total adjustments	1,23	6,438
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,09	9,854

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	944,154	\$	-	\$	944,154
Charges for services		390,936		-		390,936
Operating grants and contributions		23,428		-		23,428
Capital development fees		-		61,973		61,973
Insurance proceeds		27,963		-		27,963
Investment earnings		25,529		2,585		28,114
Total revenues		1,412,010		64,558		1,476,568
Expenditures:						
Current operations:						
Salaries and wages		577,455		-		577,455
Employee benefits		146,414		-		146,414
Program costs		168,221		-		168,221
Materials and services		394,037		-		394,037
Capital outlay		48,470		-		48,470
Debt service:						
Principal payments		33,689		-		33,689
Interest payments		16,012				16,012
Total expenditures		1,384,298				1,384,298
Excess of revenues over expenditures		27,712		64,558		92,270
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year		643,086		128,060		771,146
End of year	\$	670,798	\$	192,618	\$	863,416

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 92,270
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	48,470 (201,552)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenses in governmental funds as follows:	
Net change in accrued interest Net change in compensated absences Net change in net pension liability and related deferred resources	449 (21,857) (45,336)
Principal repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. However, principal repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in expenses in the statement of activities.	 33,689
Total adjustments	 (186,137)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (93,867)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Organization

The Tehachapi Valley Recreation and Park District (District) was formed as an independent special district to provide quality leisure services, park, programs, and facilities; address the recreational needs of all ages; promote positive customer service, fiscal responsibility, and accountability; and enhance and promote personal well-being and a sense of community.

The District is the primary governmental unit based on the foundation of a separately appointed five-member board. The Board is appointed by the Kern County Board of Supervisors and the Tehachapi City Council. The Board has decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District has identified no organizations that are required to be reported as component units.

C. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

1. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

1. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Major Governmental Funds

The District maintains the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund when necessary.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for resources received from Quimby Fee for capital improvements to new or rehabilitations of existing neighborhood, community park, or recreation facilities.

2. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and financing from capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

3. Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

2. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs or deposits applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

3. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value except for short-term investments, which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value. Investments in governmental investment pools are reported at fair value based on the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

In accordance with fair value measurements, the District categorizes its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into a three-level hierarchy based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique used to determine fair value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used in the determination of the fair value measurement fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the balance sheet are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical investments, such as stocks, corporate and government bonds. The District has the ability to access the holding and quoted prices as of the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs from markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 – Inputs that are unobservable. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment, and is based on the best information available in the circumstances.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or at their estimated fair value at date of donation. It is the District's policy to capitalize assets costing over \$3,000. The provision for depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives of the capital assets.

Estimated service lives for the District's classes of assets are as follows:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	5-30 years
Furniture and equipment	3-7 years
Vehicles	5 years

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

6. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and vacation leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan and addition to/deductions from the Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

8. Net Position

Net position is classified into two components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- **Net investment in capital assets** This component of net position consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- **Unrestricted net position** This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets.

9. Fund Balances

The fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Nonspendable: Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories and prepaid assets.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provision or by enabling legislation.

Committed: The District's highest decision-making level of authority rests with the District's Board. Fund balance is reported as committed when the Board passes a resolution that places specified constraints on how resources may be used. The Board can modify or rescind a commitment of resources through passage of a new resolution.

Assigned: Resources that are constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent may be expressed by either the Board, committees (such as budget or finance), or officials to which the Board has delegated authority.

Unassigned: Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned and may be utilized by the District for any purpose. When expenditures are incurred, and both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources in the order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned, as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, each year. Secured property taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments, on December 10 and April 10. The County of Kern County Assessor's Office assesses all real and personal property within the County each year.

Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at one (1%) of countywide assessed valuations. The Kern County Treasurer's Office remits an undisclosed portion of the one (1%) current and delinquent property tax collections to the District throughout the year.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30 were classified on the statement of net position as follows:

Description	 Balance		
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 813,645 96,370		
Total cash and investments	\$ 910,015		

Cash and investments at June 30 consisted of the following:

Description	Balance		
Cash on hand	\$ 1,350		
Demand deposits with financial institutions	43,901		
Deposits with Kern County Treasury Investment Pool (KCTIP)	864,764		
Total cash and investments	\$ 910,015		

Demand Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's demand deposits were \$43,901, and the financial institution's balance was \$76,140. The net difference represents outstanding checks, deposits-in-transit and/or other reconciling items between the financial institution's balance and the District's balance for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institutions. In addition, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

Kern County Treasury Investment Pool (KCTIP)

The District is a voluntary participant in the Kern County Treasury Investment Pool (KCTIP) pursuant to Government Code Section 53694. The cash flow needs of participants are monitored daily to ensure that sufficient liquidity is maintained to meet the needs of those participants. At the time deposits are made, the Kern County Treasurer may require the depositing entity to provide annual cash flow projections or an anticipated withdrawal schedule for deposits in excess of \$1 million. Projections are performed no less than semi-annually. In accordance with Government Code Section 27136, all request for withdrawal of funds for the purpose of investing or deposits the funds elsewhere shall be evaluated to ensure the proposed withdrawal will not adversely affect the principal deposits of the other participants. Pool detail may be obtained from the County of Kern Treasurer's Office – 1115 Truxtun Ave, Ste 2ND, Bakersfield, CA 93301 or the Treasurer's office website at www.kcttc.co.kern.ca.us.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2020, the District's investment in the KCTIP was rated by Standard & Poor's as AAAf/S1.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one governmental agency or non-governmental issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There were no investments in any one governmental or non-governmental issuer that represented 5% or more of the District's total investments except for those in the KCTIP.

NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED ASSETS

The District's restricted assets are the remaining unspent loan proceeds of \$96,370 for capital improvements to the District's recreation and park facilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the year were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019		Additions/ Transfers		Deletions/ Transfers		Balance June 30, 2020	
Non-depreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$	166,735	\$	-	\$	-	\$	166,735
Construction-in-process		870		<u> </u>		(870)		
Total non-depreciable capital assets		167,605				(870)		166,735
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements		3,598,504		-		-		3,598,504
Furniture and equipment		1,219,558		49,340		(7,716)		1,261,182
Vehicles		162,109		-				162,109
Total depreciable capital assets		4,980,171		49,340		(7,716)		5,021,795
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		(2,223,308)		(67,303)		-		(2,290,611)
Furniture and equipment		(698,365)		(116,271)		7,716		(806,920)
Vehicles		(120,938)		(17,978)				(138,916)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,042,611)		(201,552)		7,716		(3,236,447)
Total depreciable capital assets, net		1,937,560		(152,212)				1,785,348
Total capital assets, net	\$	2,105,165	\$	(152,212)	\$	(870)	\$	1,952,083

NOTE 5 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The changes to the compensated absences balance for the year were as follows:

Ba	alance				Balance Cur		urrent	Lo	ng-term				
July	July 1, 2019		Additions		eletions	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2020		P	ortion	F	Portion
\$	38,278	\$	38,581	\$	(16,724)	\$	60,135	\$	30,068	\$	30,067		

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt amounts for the year were as follows:

Long-term	E	Balance					I	Balance	C	urrent	Lo	ong-term
Debt	Jul	y 1, 2019	Add	itions	Pa	ayments	Jun	e 30, 2020	P	ortion]	Portion
Loan payable	\$	508,744	\$	-	\$	(33,689)	\$	475,055	\$	34,776	\$	440,279

Loan Payable - 2016

On August 15, 2016, the District issued \$587,250 in a loan payable at 3.20% interest rate for capital improvements to the District's recreation facilities. Debt service payments for principal and interest are made on August 1st and February 1st of each year from the general fund. The debt matures in fiscal year 2032.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		I	Interest		Total		
2021	\$	34,776	\$	14,925	\$	49,701		
2022		35,897		13,804		49,701		
2023		37,055		12,646		49,701		
2024		38,250		11,451		49,701		
2025		39,484		10,217		49,701		
2026-2030		217,365		31,140		248,505		
2031-2032		72,228		1,798		74,026		
Total		475,055	\$	95,981	\$	571,036		
Current		(34,776)						
Long-term	\$	440,279						

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN

Summary

The following balances on the balance sheet will be addressed in this footnote as follows:

Description	 2020
Pension related deferred outflows	\$ 116,536
Net pension liability	244,292
Pension related deferred inflows	46,365

The net pension liability balances have a Measurement Date of June 30, 2019 which is rolled-forward for the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Qualified employees are covered under a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan maintained by agencies of the State of California known as the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), or "The Plan".

The Plan

The District has engaged with CalPERS to administer the following pension plans for its employees (members):

	Miscellaneous Plans			
	Classic Tier 1	PEPRA Tier 2		
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5-years of service	5-years of service		
Benefits payments	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 67 & up	52 - 67 & up		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.8% to 2.0%	1.0% to 2.5%		
Required member contribution rates	6.912%	6.250%		
Required employer contribution rates – FY 2018	7.634%	6.842%		

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description, Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District contributes to the miscellaneous risk pool within the Plan. A full description of the pension plan benefit provisions, assumptions for funding purposes but not accounting purposes, and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2017 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. This report is a publicly available valuation report that can be obtained at CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA), which took effect in January 2013, changes the way CalPERS retirement benefits are applied, and places compensation limits on members. As a result of these changes since PEPRA's adoption in January 2013, the District now has two unique CalPERS plans to which it makes contributions within the miscellaneous risk pool: the "classic" plan, which includes covered employees who have established membership in a CalPERS plan prior to January 2013, as well as the "PEPRA/new" plan, which includes covered employees who have established membership in a CalPERS plan after January 2013. Each plan or membership contains unique benefits levels, which are enumerated in the June 30, 2019 Annual Actuarial Valuation Reports.

At June 30, 2020, the following members were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellane	Miscellaneous Plans					
	Classic	PEPRA					
Plan Members	Tier 1	Tier 2	Total				
Active members	3	8	11				
Transferred and terminated members	8	8	16				
Retired members and beneficiaries	6		6				
Total plan members	17	16	33				

Contribution Description

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020, (Measurement Date June 30, 2019) were as follows:

Miscellaneous Plans					
	Classic]	PEPRA		
_	Tier 1		Tier 2		Total
\$	25,574	\$	20,050	\$	45,624
	11,079		15,672		26,751
\$	36,653	\$	35,722	\$	72,375
		Classic Tier 1 \$ 25,574 11,079	Classic Tier 1 \$ 25,574 \$ 11,079	Classic PEPRA Tier 1 Tier 2 \$ 25,574 \$ 20,050 11,079 15,672	Tier 1 Tier 2 \$ 25,574 \$ 20,050 \$ 11,079 1 1,079 15,672

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plan (continued)

Contribution Description (continued)

Employer contributions rates may change if plan contracts are amended. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The following table shows the plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measurement period:

Changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Plan Type and Balance Descriptions	Plan Total Pension Liability		n Fiduciary et Position	•	ge in Plan Net sion Liability
CalPERS - Miscellaneous Plan:					
Balance as of June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date)	\$	1,758,369	\$ 1,551,072	\$	207,297
Balance as of June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date)	\$	1,825,395	\$ 1,581,103	\$	244,292
Change in Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	67,026	\$ 30,031	\$	36,995

For the year ended June 30, 2020 pension expense was \$90,962.

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation dates (June 30, 2018). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability (TPL) determines the net pension liability (NPL) at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2019). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2019 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (FY 2018-2019).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (continued)

- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

As of June 30, 2020, the District reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$244,292.

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the June 30, 2020, measurement date was as follows:

	Percentage Sh		
	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019	Change Increase/ (Decrease)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Percentage of Risk Pool Net Pension Liability	0.006100%	0.005500%	0.000600%
Percentage of Plan (PERF C) Net Pension Liability	0.002384%	0.002151%	0.000233%

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (continued)

The total amount of \$45,624 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows					
Account Description	of]	of Resources		of Resources of		Resources
Pension contributions made after the measurement date	\$	45,624	\$	-		
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions		-		(36,650)		
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		42,296		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		16,967		(1,315)		
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(4,271)		
Changes in assumptions		11,649		(4,129)		
Total Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	\$	116,536	\$	(46,365)		

Other remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the year ended June 30, 2020, will be amortized to pension expense in future periods as follows:

Amortization Period Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Outflo	eferred ws/(Inflows) Resources
2021	\$	20,484
2022		2,372
2023		827
2024		864
Total	\$	24,547

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2018 total pension liability. The June 30, 2020 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,
	2.75% thereafter

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF B was 7.15%. A projection of expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if the assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for PERF B. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained on CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Investment Type	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ¹	Real Return Years 11+ ²
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

¹ An expected inflation rate-of-return of 2.5% is used for years 1-10.

² An expected inflation rate-of-return of 3.0% is used for years 11+.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

Changes in the discount rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Plan's	Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)				
	Discount Rate - 1% Current Discount Discount F					
Plan Type	6.15%	6.15% Rate 7.15%			8.15%	
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	489,814	\$ 244,292		\$	41,632	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report and can be obtained from CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

C. Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2020, the District reported no payables for outstanding contributions to the CalPERS pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, the net position – net investment in capital assets balance was calculated as follows:

Description		Balance
Restricted – cash and investments – loan proceeds	\$	96,370
Capital assets – not being depreciated		166,735
Capital assets - being depreciated, net		1,785,348
Loan payable - current portion		(34,776)
Loan payable - non-current portion		(440,279)
Total net investment in capital assets		1,573,398

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2020, fund balances of the District's governmental funds were classified as follows:

Description	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		<u>-</u>		Total ernmental Funds
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$	6,884	_\$	<u>-</u>	\$	6,884	
Restricted: Loan proceeds for capital improvements		96,370		<u>-</u>		96,370	
Committed: Capital projects		535		192,618		193,153	
Assigned: Compensated absences		60,135				60,135	
Unassigned		506,874				506,874	
Total fund balances	\$	670,798	\$	192,618	\$	863,416	

NOTE 10 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION SAVINGS PLAN

For the benefit of its employees, the District participates in a 457 Deferred Compensation Program. The purpose of this Program is to provide deferred compensation for public employees that elect to participate in the Program. Generally, eligible employees may defer receipt of a portion of their salary until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Until the funds are paid or otherwise made available to the employee, the employee is not obligated to report the deferred salary for income tax purposes.

Federal law requires deferred compensation assets to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants. Accordingly, the District is in compliance with this legislation. Therefore, these assets are not the legal property of the District, and are not subject to claims of the District's general creditors.

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Since the District has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function for this plan, the assets and related liabilities are not shown on the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURE

The District is a member of The California Association for Park and Recreation Indemnity (CAPRI) is a Joint Powers Authority which provides insurance coverages, risk management, safety and loss prevention services through a financially sound risk-sharing pool. The original pool was created in 1986 while the current organization is the result of the merger on July 1, 2008 between California Association for Park and Recreation Insurance and Park and Recreation District Employee Compensation (PARDEC).

CAPRI's membership consists of various recreation and park districts in California. Through its various programs, members are able to pool member contributions and to realize the advantages of self-insurance. It provides coverage for property, general liability, workers' compensation, public officials and employee liability, automobile liability, and other minor coverages. CAPRI is under the control and direction of the Board of Directors consisting of representatives of the member districts.

Each member agency pays a contribution commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the joint-powers authority. Full financial statements are available separately from the California Association for Park and Recreation Indemnity at 6341 Auburn Blvd., Suite A, Citrus Heights, California 95621. Condensed information for CAPRI is as follows:

A.	Entity	CAPRI				
В.	Purpose	To pool member contributions and realize the advantages of self-insurance				
C.	Participants	As of June 30, 2019 – 60 member dis	tricts	5		
D.	Governing board	Seven representatives employed by	mem	bers		
E.	District payments for FY 2019: Property/Liability policy Workers' compensation policy	\$33,557 \$33,391				
F.	Condensed financial information Audit signed	June 30, 2019 April 30, 2020				
	Statement of financial position: Total assets Deferred outflows		Ju \$	24,516,646 208,102		
	Total liabilities Deferred inflows			19,788,670 60,730		
	Net position		\$	4,875,348		
	Statement of revenues, expenses and of Total revenues Total expenses	changes in net position:	\$	10,650,625 (12,245,949)		
	Change in net position			(1,595,324)		
	Beginning – net position Ending – net position		\$	6,470,672 4,875,348		
G.	Member agencies share of year-end fir	nancial position	Not	Calculated		

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

California Association for Park and Recreation Indemnity (CAPRI)

Property/Liability Program

The Property/Liability Program was established for the purpose of operating and maintaining a self-insurance or group insurance program. Under this program, CAPRI provides its member districts the following coverage:

A. Property (Building and Content) / Boiler and Machinery

The program provides an all-risk replacement cost coverage, subject to a \$2,000 deductible for each loss at member level, a \$150,000 deductible at the pool level, and an aggregate limit of \$650,000. The earthquake and flood coverage has a \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 aggregate limit, respectively, subject to a deductible of 5% per occurrence of the building, contents, and/or structure damaged subject to a minimum of \$50,000 for earthquake and \$20,000 for flood. The program also provides coverage for sudden and accidental breakdown of boiler and machinery replacement cost coverage, subject to a \$2,000 deductible for member level, and \$150,000 at the pool level.

In excess of the above coverages, CAPRI provides a group purchased commercial insurance policy through the Public Entity Property Insurance Program (PEPIP) for all-risk replacement cost coverage, subject to a self-insured retention (SIR) of \$150,000 beginning April 1, 2005 to present.

B. General Liability and Public Officials and Employment Practices Liability

CAPRI provides comprehensive coverage with a limit of \$25,000,000 per occurrence for personal injury or property damage and a limit of \$25,000,000 annual aggregate per member district for errors and omissions of public officials. CAPRI self-funds coverage up to \$1,000,000. CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) provides \$24,000,000 of coverage over self-insured retention of \$1,000,000.

This Program also includes Employment Practices Liability which is subjected to a \$20,000 deductible. If the Member District consults with its general counsel and if such counsel has experience with labor and employment law, or with its labor and employment counsel, or CAPRI-recommended labor and employment counsel prior to termination, layoffs, downsizing or other employment related matter, the deductible will be reduced to \$5,000 for any employment liability lawsuit brought by that employee.

Workers' Compensation Program

This program provides coverage to its members of up to statutory limits per occurrence, including volunteer operations as long as each member has issued a resolution covering volunteers. CAPRI self-funds up to \$350,000; losses in excess of this amount are covered by CSAC-EIA up to the Statutory limit per occurrence. CAPRI also provides its members with proactive claim oversight by working closely their third-party claims administrator and the members.

The District maintains workers' compensation coverage and employer's liability coverage in accordance with the statutory requirements of the State of California.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Workers' Compensation Program (continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years. There were no reductions in insurance coverage in fiscal year 2020, 2019, and 2018. Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated net of the respective insurance coverage. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). There were no IBNR claims payable as of June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Awards

Grant funds received by the District are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audit could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management of the District believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

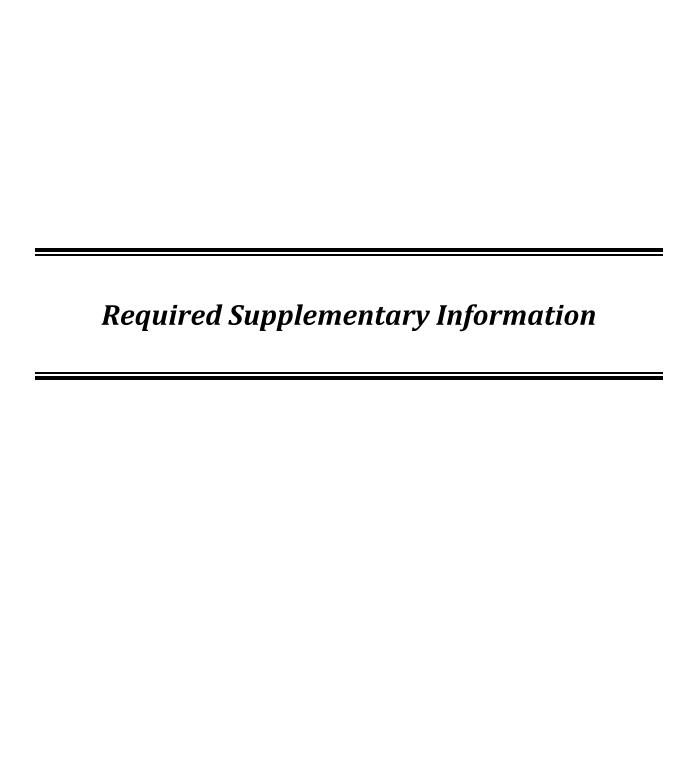
Litigation

The District is involved in routine litigation incidental to its business and may be subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel and/or management, management believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

NOTE 14 - CURRENT AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Global Pandemic

At the end of the first quarter of calendar year 2020, the United States and global economy suffered a major decline due to the impact of the COVID-19 virus. This economic decline may affect the District's operations and investment earnings for the remainder of calendar year 2020 and beyond. However, the potential impact to the District is unknown at this time.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 901,350	\$ 944,154	\$ 42,804
Charges for services	546,915	390,936	(155,979)
Operating grants and contributions	111,500	23,428	(88,072)
Insurance proceeds	-	27,963	27,963
Investment earnings	5,000	25,529	20,529
Total revenues	1,564,765	1,412,010	(152,755)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Salaries and wages	618,011	577,455	40,556
Employee benefits	154,503	146,414	8,089
Program costs	252,423	168,221	84,202
Materials and services	453,900	394,037	59,863
Capital outlay	-	48,470	(48,470)
Debt service:			
Principal	49,702	33,689	16,013
Interest	18,000	16,012	1,988
Total expenditures	1,546,539	1,384,298	162,241
Net change in fund balance	\$ 18,226	\$ 27,712	\$ 9,486
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year		643,086	
End of year		\$ 670,798	

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous Plan

Measurement Date:	June 30, 2019 ¹		June 30, 2018 ¹		June 30, 2017 ¹		June 30, 2016 ¹		June 30, 2015 ¹		June 30, 2014 ¹	
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.002384%		0.002151%		0.002234%		0.002054%		0.001101%		0.001908%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	244,292	\$	207,297	\$	221,512	\$	177,761	\$	75,553	\$	118,719
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	360,956	\$	478,910	\$	343,104	\$	357,818	\$	379,091	\$	168,308
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		67.68%		43.29%		64.56%		49.68%		19.93%		70.54%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability		86.62%		88.21%		86.85%		88.61%		94.97%		91.47%

¹ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 68 is applicable.

Schedule of Pension Contributions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous Plan

Fiscal Year:	2019-20 ¹		2018-19 ¹		2017-18 ¹		2016-171		2015-16 ¹		2014-15 ¹		2013-14 ¹	
Actuarially Determined Contribution ² Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	45,624	\$	39,457	\$	33,183	\$	30,756	\$	32,998	\$	22,517	\$	20,666
Determined Contribution ²		(45,624)		(39,457)		(33,183)		(30,756)		(32,998)		(22,517)		(20,666)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_
District's Covered-Employee Payroll ³	\$	417,453	\$	360,956	\$	478,910	\$	343,104	\$	357,818	\$	379,091	\$	168,308
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		10.93%		10.93%		6.93%		8.96%		9.22%		5.94%		12.28%

 $^{^{1}}$ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 68 is applicable.

Notes to the Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes)

² Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions (which is the actuarially determined contribution). However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their side-fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plan exceed the actuarial determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as *side-funds* are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

³ Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB No. 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District follows specific procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Each year the District prepares and submits an operating budget to the Board of Directors no later than June of each year. The basis used to prepare the budget does not differ substantially from the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adopted budget becomes operative on July 1. The Board of Directors must approve all supplemental appropriations to the budget and transfers between major accounts.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 and is required for all employers in a cost-sharing pension plan. The schedule reports the following information:

- The proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability (similar to the note disclosure)
- The proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability
- The employer's covered-employee payroll
- The proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered-employee payroll
- The pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

Schedule of Pension Contributions

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 and is required for all employers in a cost-sharing pension plan. The schedule reports the following information:

• If an employer's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements: the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plan (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Tehachapi Valley Recreation and Park District Tehachapi, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Tehachapi Valley Recreation and Park District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Murrieta, California

Nigro & Nigro, PC

February 28, 2021